## History - Rotten Romans - Year 3 - Summer 2 - What did the Romans do for us?

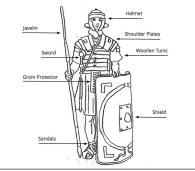


V	/ocabulary Top Ten:				
Boudicca	Celtic Queen who fought the Romans				
Celts	the people who lived in Europe and Britain who fought the Romans.				
Claudius	the emperor who led the successful invasion of Britain				
Colosseum	a round theatre for watching gladiators in Rome				
empire	a large area with many people ruled by one leader				
gladiator	a person trained to fight other gladi- ators or animals				
invasion	coming into a country with armed force				
Latin	the language the Romans spoke and wrote in				
legacy	what the Romans left behind that still impacts us in Britain today.				
pavilion	a semi-open structure which has shelter but lets light in				

Maps showing how the Roman Empire increased from 400BC to 100AD.







Roman towns were laid out in a grid. In the middle was the forum where people came to trade.



## Key Facts:

When the Romans arrived in **43AD**, they introduced new ideas and ways of living to Britain.

For nearly 400 years, Rome ruled much of Britain and they called the land Britannia. In **410AD** the Romans returned home to support Rome.

Many modern-day governments such as the one in the USA are modelled after the Roman Republic.

Before the Romans came, very few people could read or write in Britain.

The Romans wrote down their history, their literature and their laws. Their language was called Latin.

The Romans introduced the idea of living in big towns and cities. They introduced villas which popped up in the

Britain had no proper roads before the Romans came, there were just muddy tracks. The Romans built new straight roads all across the land.

The Romans invaded Britain because they needed the natural resources, such as metals, farmland and slaves.

They built long lasting roads that helped to increase trade and also helped their armies to quickly move about the empire.

By **391AD**, Christianity was the official Roman religion but pagan beliefs were still popular in Britain.

Roman Timeline											
753 BC	264 BC	146 BC	55B <i>C</i>	Circa AD1	AD 43	AD 60-61	AD 122	AD 313	AD 410		
The building of Rome be- gins	The Romans control all of Italy	N.Africa, Greece, Spain and France are part of the Roman Empire	Julius Caesar invades Britain but is forced to return to Gaul	Jesus is born	The army of Emperor Claudius in- vades Britain	Boudicca leads a rebellion against the Romans	The building of Hadrian's Wall begins		Roman rules in Britain ends		